Chart 2R—OCME
Percentage* of Narcotics-, Cocaine- and/or Alcohol-Related Overdose Deaths, By Age Group**, State of Maryland, 2002

NOTES:
* Percentages may add to more than 100% because some overdoses are caused by multiple drugs.
** Some cases are missing information on age, so the sum of the juvenile cases and adult cases may not match the sample size for “All Cases”.

Definitions of specific substance-related deaths are described below:
Alcohol-related: Alcohol was a contributing factor in an individual’s death. Alcohol-related deaths include overdoses attributed to alcohol intoxication, alcohol and cocaine intoxication, alcohol and narcotics intoxication, and alcohol and other drugs intoxication.
Cocaine-related: Cocaine was a contributing factor in an individual’s death. Cocaine-related includes overdoses attributed to cocaine intoxication, cocaine and alcohol intoxication, and cocaine and narcotics intoxication.
Narcotics-related: Narcotics were a contributing factor in an individual’s death. Narcotics-related includes overdoses attributed to narcotics intoxication, narcotics and alcohol intoxication, narcotics and cocaine intoxication, and methadone intoxication.